Citation: J. O. v. Canada Employment Insurance Commission, 2017 SSTADEI 95

Tribunal File Number: AD-16-1238

BETWEEN:

J.O.

Applicant

and

Canada Employment Insurance Commission

Respondent

SOCIAL SECURITY TRIBUNAL DECISION Appeal Division

Leave to Appeal Decision by: Mark Borer

Date of Decision: March 6, 2017



REASONS AND DECISION

- [1] Previously, a member of the General Division dismissed the Applicant's appeal. In due course, the Applicant filed an application requesting leave to appeal to the Appeal Division.
- [2] Subsection 58(1) of the *Department of Employment and Social Development Act* (DESDA) states that the only grounds of appeal are that:
 - (a) the General Division failed to observe a principle of natural justice or otherwise acted beyond or refused to exercise its jurisdiction;
 - (b) the General Division erred in law in making its decision, whether or not the error appears on the face of the record; or
 - (c) the General Division based its decision on an erroneous finding of fact that it made in a perverse or capricious manner or without regard for the material before it.
- [3] The DESDA also states that leave to appeal is to be refused if the appeal has "no reasonable chance of success".
- [4] This case involves whether or not the Applicant was available, as defined by the *Employment Insurance Act*.
- [5] In his application, the Applicant submitted that the evidence provided by the Commission to the General Division was incorrect. He also made certain allegations against the Commission, and stated that the Commission had rendered an unfair decision because they did not explain to him why they had determined he was not available. He did not, however, identify any error committed by the General Division member in her decision.
- [6] Because these submissions did not set out any grounds of appeal with a reasonable chance of success, I asked Tribunal staff to contact the Applicant by letter to seek further details. Specifically, the Tribunal letter asked that the Applicant provide full and detailed

grounds of appeal as required by the DESDA, and provided examples of what constitutes grounds of appeal. The Tribunal letter also noted that if this was not done, the application could be refused without further notice.

- [7] The Applicant did not respond.
- [8] I interpret the Applicant's application as asking that I re-weigh the evidence and come to a different conclusion than that reached by the General Division member.
- [9] This I cannot do.
- [10] The role of the Appeal Division is to determine if a reviewable error set out in ss. 58(1) of the DESDA has been made by the General Division and, if so, to provide a remedy for that error. In the absence of such a reviewable error, the law does not permit the Appeal Division to intervene. It is not our role to re-hear the case *de novo*.
- [11] It is not sufficient for an applicant to ask the Appeal Division for a different outcome than that already rendered. In order to have a reasonable chance of success the applicant must explain in some detail how, in their view, at least one reviewable error set out in the DESDA has been made. Having failed to do so, even after having been prompted to do so by the Tribunal, I find that this application for leave to appeal does not have a reasonable chance of success and must therefore be refused.

Mark Borer

Member, Appeal Division